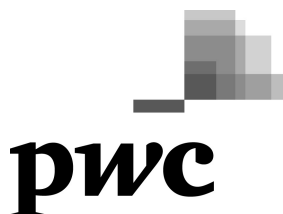

Danish Aerospace Company A/S

Hvidkærvej 31 A, Højme, DK-5250 Odense SV

Interim Financial Statements for the period 1 January - 30 June 2023

CVR No 12 42 42 48



Contents

	<u>Page</u>
Management's Statement and Auditor's Report	
Management's Statement	1
Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements	2
Company Information	
Company Information	3
Interim Financial Statements	
Income Statement 1 January - 30 June	4
Balance Sheet 30 June	5
Statement of Changes in Equity	7
Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 30 June	8
Notes to the Interim Financial Statements	9

Management's Statement

The Executive Board and Board of Directors have today considered and adopted the Interim Financial Statements of Danish Aerospace Company A/S for the period 1 January - 30 June 2023.

In our opinion the Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the recognition and measurement criteria of the Danish Financial Statements Act and the disclosure and presentation requirements established by the Supervisory Board.

In our opinion the Interim Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the financial position at 30 June 2023 of the Company and of the results of the Company operations and cash flows for the period.

Odense, 28 August 2023

Executive Board

Thomas Axel Esbern Andersen

Board of Directors

Niels Heering
Chairman

Søren Bjørn Hansen
Deputy Chairman

James Vernon Zimmerman

Tina Moe

Practitioner's Statement on Compilation of Financial Statements

To the Management of Danish Aerospace Company A/S

We have compiled the Financial Statements of Danish Aerospace Company A/S for the period 1 January - 30 June 2023 on the basis of the Enterprise's accounting records and other information you have provided.

The Interim Financial Statements comprise income statement, balance sheet, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

We performed our work in accordance with ISRS 4410, Engagements to Compile Financial Information.

Based on our professional expertise, we have assisted you with the preparation and presentation of the Interim Financial Statements in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act. We have complied with relevant provisions of the Danish Act on Approved Auditors and Audit Firms and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (IESBA Code), including the principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care.

The Interim Financial Statements and the accuracy and completeness of the information forming the basis of the compilation of the Interim Financial Statements are your responsibility.

As an engagement to compile financial information is not an assurance engagement, we are under no duty to verify the accuracy or completeness of the information you provided to us to compile the Interim Financial Statements. Accordingly, we express no audit opinion or review opinion as to whether the Interim Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the Danish Financial Statements Act.

Odense, 28 August 2023

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab

CVR No 33 77 12 31

René Otto Poulsen
State Authorised Public Accountant

Kristian Rath
State Authorised Public Accountant

Company Information

The Company

Danish Aerospace Company A/S
Hvidkærvej 31 A
Højme
DK-5250 Odense SV

CVR No: 12 42 42 48
Financial period: 1 January - 30 June
Municipality of reg. office: Odense

Board of Directors

Niels Heering, Chairman
Søren Bjørn Hansen
James Vernon Zimmerman
Tina Moe

Executive Board

Thomas Axel Esbern Andersen

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Statsautoriseret Revisionspartnerselskab
Munkebjergvænget 1, 3. og 4. sal
DK-5230 Odense M

Bankers

Nordea

Income Statement 1 January - 30 June

	Note	1/1-2023 - 6/30-2023 DKK	1/1-2022 - 6/30-2022 DKK
Revenue		9,919,857	10,995,079
Work on own account recognised in assets		567,433	121,522
Other operating income		1,162,276	103,055
Expenses for raw materials and consumables		-1,756,195	-1,029,968
Other external expenses		-2,305,169	-1,807,814
Gross profit/loss		7,588,202	8,381,874
Staff expenses	2	-8,006,423	-7,781,151
Profit/loss before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA)		-418,221	600,723
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment		-382,130	-385,973
Profit/loss before financial income and expenses (EBIT)		-800,351	214,750
Income from investments in subsidiaries		-202,288	-374,931
Income from investments in associates		-5,305	-7,125
Financial income	3	189,060	704,643
Financial expenses	4	-394,717	-14,300
Profit/loss before tax		-1,213,601	523,037
Tax on profit/loss for the period	5	211,261	-199,134
Net profit/loss for the period		-1,002,340	323,903

Distribution of profit

Proposed distribution of profit

Retained earnings		-1,002,340	323,903
		-1,002,340	323,903

Balance Sheet 30 June

Assets

	Note	6/30-2023 DKK	6/30-2022 DKK	12/31-2022 (audited) DKK
Completed development projects		406,978	671,205	539,092
Acquired patents		859,869	592,594	790,786
Development projects in progress		<u>1,378,158</u>	<u>375,555</u>	<u>810,725</u>
Intangible assets	6	<u>2,645,005</u>	<u>1,639,354</u>	<u>2,140,603</u>
Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment		992,663	1,259,535	1,145,585
Leasehold improvements		<u>414,717</u>	<u>525,783</u>	<u>469,938</u>
Property, plant and equipment	7	<u>1,407,380</u>	<u>1,785,318</u>	<u>1,615,523</u>
Investments in subsidiaries	8	0	0	0
Investments in associates	9	<u>18,986</u>	<u>39,823</u>	<u>24,291</u>
Fixed asset investments		<u>18,986</u>	<u>39,823</u>	<u>24,291</u>
Fixed assets		<u>4,071,371</u>	<u>3,464,495</u>	<u>3,780,417</u>
Raw materials and consumables		<u>6,956,909</u>	<u>48,000</u>	<u>4,538,684</u>
Inventories		<u>6,956,909</u>	<u>48,000</u>	<u>4,538,684</u>
Trade receivables		3,198,408	5,147,882	5,308,009
Contract work in progress	10	22,162,290	14,776,554	16,641,252
Receivables from group enterprises		4,320,625	4,299,698	4,207,307
Other receivables		1,107,487	802,038	860,886
Corporation tax		122,472	31,807	122,472
Prepayments		<u>346,043</u>	<u>492,841</u>	<u>439,466</u>
Receivables		<u>31,257,325</u>	<u>25,550,820</u>	<u>27,579,392</u>
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>37,851</u>	<u>344,732</u>	<u>106,433</u>
Currents assets		<u>38,252,085</u>	<u>25,943,552</u>	<u>32,224,509</u>
Assets		<u>42,323,456</u>	<u>29,408,047</u>	<u>36,004,926</u>

Balance Sheet 30 June

Liabilities and equity

	Note	6/30-2023 DKK	6/30-2022 DKK	12/31-2022 (audited) DKK
Share capital		1,090,833	1,090,833	1,090,833
Reserve for development costs		1,392,404	816,473	1,052,856
Retained earnings		17,941,822	17,750,117	19,162,540
Equity		20,425,059	19,657,423	21,306,229
Provision for deferred tax		4,330,264	3,942,983	4,541,525
Provisions relating to investments in group enterprises	8	0	0	18,086
Provisions		4,330,264	3,942,983	4,559,611
Other payables		1,134,707	1,117,938	1,126,329
Long-term debt		1,134,707	1,117,938	1,126,329
Credit institutions		13,944,393	824,718	4,906,187
Prepayments received from customers		182,041	52,653	0
Trade payables		1,086,939	282,714	1,638,685
Contract work in progress, liabilities	10	0	90,191	0
Other payables		1,220,053	2,073,159	1,676,448
Deferred income		0	1,366,268	791,437
Short-term debt		16,433,426	4,689,703	9,012,757
Debt		17,568,133	5,807,641	10,139,086
Liabilities and equity		42,323,456	29,408,047	36,004,926
Key activities	1			
Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations	13			
Accounting Policies	14			

Statement of Changes in Equity

	Share capital	Reserve for development costs	Retained earnings	Total
	DKK	DKK	DKK	DKK
Equity at 1 January	1,090,833	1,052,856	19,162,540	21,306,229
Development costs for the period	0	442,597	-442,597	0
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment for the period	0	-103,049	103,049	0
Exchange adjustments relating to foreign entities	0	0	121,170	121,170
Net profit/loss for the period	0	0	-1,002,340	-1,002,340
Equity at 30 June	1,090,833	1,392,404	17,941,822	20,425,059

Cash Flow Statement 1 January - 30 June

	<u>Note</u>	1/1-2023 - 6/30-2023 DKK	1/1-2022 - 6/30-2022 DKK
Net profit/loss for the period		-1,002,340	323,903
Adjustments	11	584,118	276,819
Change in working capital	12	-7,591,999	-2,922,588
Cash flows from operating activities before financial income and expenses		-8,010,221	-2,321,866
Financial income		65,997	704,643
Financial expenses		-394,717	-14,300
Cash flows from operating activities		-8,338,941	-1,631,523
Purchase of intangible assets		-659,089	-205,266
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		-19,300	-193,484
Cash flows from investing activities		-678,389	-398,750
Raising of loans from credit institutions		9,038,206	824,718
Loans to group enterprises		-89,458	-1,132,586
Cash flows from financing activities		8,948,748	-307,868
Change in cash and cash equivalents		-68,582	-2,338,141
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		106,433	2,682,873
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June		37,851	344,732
Cash and cash equivalents are specified as follows:			
Cash at bank and in hand		37,851	344,732
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June		37,851	344,732

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

1 Key activities

Danish Aerospace Company A/S develops innovative technological solutions for the purpose of exploration of space and other extreme environments. The activities are comprised of design, development and manufacturing of medical monitoring and exercise equipment, as well as support in connection with preparations for and completion of human space flights. Danish Aerospace Company A/S is listed on Nasdaq First North Growth Market in Copenhagen.

	1/1-2023 - 6/30-2023	1/1-2022 - 6/30-2022
	DKK	DKK
2 Staff expenses		
Wages and salaries	7,413,251	7,170,283
Pensions	440,610	420,587
Other social security expenses	102,820	92,826
Other staff expenses	49,742	97,455
	8,006,423	7,781,151
Average number of employees	27	25
3 Financial income		
Interest received from group enterprises	120,628	109,835
Exchange adjustments	68,432	594,808
	189,060	704,643
4 Financial expenses		
Other financial expenses	394,717	14,300
	394,717	14,300
5 Tax on profit/loss for the period		
Current tax for the year	0	0
Deferred tax for the year	-211,261	199,134
	-211,261	199,134

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

6 Intangible assets

	Completed development projects DKK	Acquired patents DKK	Development projects in progress DKK	Total DKK
Cost at 1 January	4,717,765	4,374,870	810,725	9,903,360
Additions for the period	0	91,656	567,433	659,089
Cost at 30 June	<u>4,717,765</u>	<u>4,466,526</u>	<u>1,378,158</u>	<u>10,562,449</u>
Impairment losses and amortisation at 1 January	4,178,673	3,584,083	0	7,762,756
Amortisation for the period	<u>132,114</u>	<u>22,574</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>154,688</u>
Impairment losses and amortisation at 30 June	<u>4,310,787</u>	<u>3,606,657</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>7,917,444</u>
Carrying amount at 30 June	<u>406,978</u>	<u>859,869</u>	<u>1,378,158</u>	<u>2,645,005</u>

The Company's portfolio of internal development projects comprises a new generation of exercise and medical monitoring equipment for astronauts. The expectation is that the improved and new products may be sold to commercial private aerospace companies such as ESA and NASA. The depreciation periods have been adjusted to the expected life time of the products. Projects in progress are progressing as planned and the Company has sufficient resources to complete the projects within the deadlines set out.

7 Property, plant and equipment

	Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment DKK	Leasehold improvements DKK	Total DKK
Cost at 1 January	4,183,293	1,491,598	5,674,891
Additions for the period	<u>19,300</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>19,300</u>
Cost at 30 June	<u>4,202,593</u>	<u>1,491,598</u>	<u>5,694,191</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 1 January	3,037,709	1,021,660	4,059,369
Depreciation for the period	<u>172,221</u>	<u>55,221</u>	<u>227,442</u>
Impairment losses and depreciation at 30 June	<u>3,209,930</u>	<u>1,076,881</u>	<u>4,286,811</u>
Carrying amount at 30 June	<u>992,663</u>	<u>414,717</u>	<u>1,407,380</u>

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

	6/30-2023 DKK	6/30-2022 DKK	12/31-2022 (audited) DKK
8 Investments in subsidiaries			
Cost at 1 January	5,592,666	5,592,667	5,592,667
Disposals for the period	-56,427	0	0
Cost at 30 June	<u>5,536,239</u>	<u>5,592,667</u>	<u>5,592,667</u>
Value adjustments at 1 January	-11,296,133	-10,327,671	-10,327,669
Exchange adjustment	121,170	-392,995	-284,947
Net profit/loss for the period	-202,289	-374,931	-683,517
Reversals for the year of revaluations in previous years	262,360	0	0
Value adjustments at 30 June	<u>-11,114,892</u>	<u>-11,095,597</u>	<u>-11,296,133</u>
Equity investments with negative net asset value amortised over receivables	<u>5,578,653</u>	<u>5,502,930</u>	<u>5,685,380</u>
Equity investments with negative net asset value transferred to provisions	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>18,086</u>
Carrying amount at 30 June	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

Investments in subsidiaries are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Votes and ownership
Danish Aerospace Medical Company A/S	Odense, DK	DKK 500,000	100%
Danish Aerospace Company - North America, Inc.	USA	USD 1,000	100%

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

	6/30-2023 DKK	6/30-2022 DKK	12/31-2022 (audited) DKK
9 Investments in associates			
Cost at 1 January	40,000	40,000	40,000
Cost at 30 June	40,000	40,000	40,000
Value adjustments at 1 January	-15,709	6,948	6,948
Net profit/loss for the period	-5,305	-7,125	-22,657
Value adjustments at 30 June	-21,014	-177	-15,709
Carrying amount at 30 June	18,986	39,823	24,291

Investments in associates are specified as follows:

Name	Place of registered office	Share capital	Votes and ownership
Aquaporin Space Alliance ApS	Odense, DK	DKK 80,000	50%

10 Contract work in progress

Selling price of work in progress	59,258,342	43,078,642	52,484,275
Payments received on account	-37,096,052	-28,392,279	-35,843,023
	22,162,290	14,686,363	16,641,252
Recognised in the balance sheet as follows:			
Contract work in progress recognised in assets	22,162,290	14,776,554	16,641,252
Prepayments received recognised in debt	0	-90,191	0
	22,162,290	14,686,363	16,641,252

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

	1/1-2023 - 6/30-2023	1/1-2022 - 6/30-2022
	DKK	DKK
11 Cash flow statement - adjustments		
Financial income	-189,060	-704,643
Financial expenses	394,717	14,300
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, including losses and gains on sales	382,129	385,972
Income from investments in subsidiaries	202,288	374,931
Income from investments in associates	5,305	7,125
Tax on profit/loss for the period	-211,261	199,134
	584,118	276,819
12 Cash flow statement - change in working capital		
Change in inventories	-2,418,225	145,312
Change in receivables	-3,564,615	-3,351,189
Change in trade payables, etc	-1,609,159	283,289
	-7,591,999	-2,922,588

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

	<u>6/30-2023</u> DKK	<u>6/30-2022</u> DKK	<u>12/31-2022</u> (audited) DKK
13 Contingent assets, liabilities and other financial obligations			
Charges and security			
The following assets have been placed as security with bankers:			
Floating charge totalling mDKK 12 providing security on receivables, inventories and other property, plant and equipment at a total carrying amount of	33,310,270	26,713,526	23,037,238

Contingent liabilities

The group companies are jointly and severally liable for tax on the jointly taxed incomes etc of the Group. The total amount of corporation tax payable by the Group amounts to DKK 0. Moreover, the group companies are jointly and severally liable for Danish withholding taxes by way of dividend tax, tax on royalty payments and tax on unearned income. Any subsequent adjustments of corporation taxes and withholding taxes may increase the Company's liability.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies

The Interim Financial Statements of Danish Aerospace Company A/S for the period 1 January - 30 June 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles applied to the 2022 Annual report and the Interim financial statements for the period 1 January 2022 - 30 June 2022.

The Interim Financial Statements for the period 1 January - 30 June 2023 are presented in DKK.

Recognition and measurement

Revenues are recognised in the income statement as earned. Furthermore, value adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value or amortised cost are recognised. Moreover, all expenses incurred to achieve the earnings for the period are recognised in the income statement, including depreciation, amortisation, impairment losses and provisions as well as reversals due to changed accounting estimates of amounts that have previously been recognised in the income statement.

Assets are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits attributable to the asset will flow to the Company, and the value of the asset can be measured reliably.

Liabilities are recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that future economic benefits will flow out of the Company, and the value of the liability can be measured reliably.

Assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost. Subsequently, assets and liabilities are measured as described for each item below.

Recognition and measurement take into account predictable losses and risks occurring before the presentation of the Interim Financial Statements which confirm or invalidate affairs and conditions existing at the balance sheet date.

Leases

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership (finance leases) are recognised in the balance sheet at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the net present value of the lease payments computed by applying the interest rate implicit in the lease or an alternative borrowing rate as the discount rate. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated and written down for impairment under the same policy as determined for the other fixed assets of the Company.

The remaining lease obligation is capitalised and recognised in the balance sheet under debt, and the interest element on the lease payments is charged over the lease term to the income statement.

All other leases are considered operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

Translation policies

Danish kroner is used as the presentation currency. All other currencies are regarded as foreign currencies.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rates at the dates of transaction. Exchange differences arising due to differences between the transaction date rates and the rates at the dates of payment are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement. Where foreign exchange transactions are considered hedging of future cash flows, the value adjustments are recognised directly in equity.

Receivables, payables and other monetary items in foreign currencies that have not been settled at the balance sheet date are translated at the exchange rates at the balance sheet date. Any differences between the exchange rates at the balance sheet date and the rates at the time when the receivable or the debt arose are recognised in financial income and expenses in the income statement.

Fixed assets acquired in foreign currencies are measured at the transaction date rates.

Income Statement

Revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the risks and rewards relating to the goods sold have been transferred to the purchaser, the revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that the economic benefits relating to the sale will flow to the Company.

Contract work in progress (construction contracts) is recognised at the rate of completion, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the work completed for the period (percentage-of-completion method). This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the contract and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Company. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the contract.

Services are recognised at the rate of completion of the service to which the contract relates by using the percentage-of-completion method, which means that revenue equals the selling price of the service completed for the period. This method is applied when total revenues and expenses in respect of the service and the stage of completion at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the economic benefits, including payments, will flow to the Company. The stage of completion is determined on the basis of the ratio between the expenses incurred and the total expected expenses of the service.

Revenue is measured at the consideration received and is recognised exclusive of VAT and net of discounts relating to sales.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

Expenses for raw materials and consumables

Expenses for raw materials and consumables comprise the raw materials and consumables consumed to achieve revenue for the year.

Other external expenses

Other external expenses comprise expenses for premises, sales and distribution as well as office expenses, etc.

Staff expenses

Staff expenses comprise wages and salaries as well as payroll expenses.

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses

Amortisation, depreciation and impairment losses comprise amortisation, depreciation and impairment of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and other operating expenses comprise items of a secondary nature to the main activities of the Company, including gains and losses on the sale of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment.

Income from investments in subsidiaries and associates

The items “Income from investments in subsidiaries” and “Income from investments in associates” in the income statement include the proportionate share of the profit for the period.

Financial income and expenses

Financial income and expenses are recognised in the income statement at the amounts relating to the period.

Tax on profit/loss for the period

Tax for the period consists of current tax for the period and changes in deferred tax for the period. The tax attributable to the profit for the period is recognised in the income statement, whereas the tax attributable to equity transactions is recognised directly in equity.

The Company is jointly taxed with affiliated Danish companies. The tax effect of the joint taxation is allocated to enterprises in proportion to their taxable incomes.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

Balance Sheet

Intangible assets

Development projects and patents

Costs of development projects comprise salaries, amortisation and other expenses directly or indirectly attributable to the Company's development activities.

Development projects that are clearly defined and identifiable and in respect of which technical feasibility, sufficient resources and a potential future market or development opportunity in the enterprise can be demonstrated, and where it is the intention to manufacture, market or use the project, are recognised as intangible assets. This applies if sufficient certainty exists that the value in use of future earnings can cover cost of sales, distribution and administrative expenses involved as well as the development costs.

Development projects that do not meet the criteria for recognition in the balance sheet are recognised as expenses in the income statement as incurred.

Capitalised development costs are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses or at a lower recoverable amount. An amount corresponding to the recognised development costs is allocated to the equity item "Reserve for development costs". The reserve comprises only development costs recognised in financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The reserve is reduced by amortisation of and impairment losses on the development projects on a continuing basis.

As of the date of completion, capitalised development costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the expected economic benefit from the development work. The amortisation period is 5-10 years.

Patents are measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and less any accumulated impairment losses or at a lower value in use.

Patents are amortised over the remaining patent period or a shorter useful life. The amortisation period is 20 years.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and less any accumulated impairment losses.

Cost comprises the cost of acquisition and expenses directly related to the acquisition up until the time when the asset is ready for use.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

Depreciation based on cost reduced by any residual value is calculated on a straight-line basis over the expected useful lives of the assets, which are:

Other fixtures and fittings, tools and equipment	5-8	years
Leasehold improvements	8	years

The fixed assets' residual values are determined at nil.

Depreciation period and residual value are reassessed annually.

Impairment of fixed assets

The carrying amounts of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are reviewed on an biannual basis to determine whether there is any indication of impairment other than that expressed by amortisation and depreciation.

If so, the asset is written down to its lower recoverable amount.

Investments in subsidiaries and associates

Investments in subsidiaries and associates are recognised and measured under the equity method.

The items "Investments in subsidiaries" and "Investments in associates" in the balance sheet include the proportionate ownership share of the net asset value of the enterprises calculated on the basis of the fair values of identifiable net assets at the time of acquisition with deduction or addition of unrealised inter-company profits or losses.

The total net revaluation of investments in subsidiaries and associates is transferred upon distribution of profit to "Reserve for net revaluation under the equity method" under equity. The reserve is reduced by dividend distributed to the Parent Company and adjusted for other equity movements in the subsidiaries and the associates.

Subsidiaries and associates with a negative net asset value are recognised at DKK 0. Any legal or constructive obligation of the Parent Company to cover the negative balance of the enterprise is recognised in provisions.

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost under the FIFO method and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of inventories is calculated at the amount expected to be generated by sale of the inventories in the process of normal operations with deduction of selling expenses. The net realisable

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

value is determined allowing for marketability, obsolescence and development in expected selling price.

The cost of raw materials and consumables equals landed cost.

Receivables

Receivables are measured in the balance sheet at the lower of amortised cost and net realisable value, which corresponds to nominal value less provisions for bad debts.

Contract work in progress

Contract work in progress regarding service is measured at selling price of the work performed calculated on the basis of the stage of completion. The stage of completion is measured by the proportion that the contract expenses incurred to date bear to the estimated total contract expenses. Where it is probable that total contract expenses will exceed total revenues from a contract, the expected loss is recognised as an expense in the income statement.

Where the selling price cannot be measured reliably, the selling price is measured at the lower of expenses incurred and net realisable value.

Payments received on account are set off against the selling price. The individual contracts are classified as receivables when the net selling price is positive and as liabilities when the net selling price is negative.

Expenses relating to sales work and the winning of contracts are recognised in the income statement as incurred.

Prepayments

Prepayments comprise prepaid expenses concerning rent, insurance premiums, subscriptions and interest.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred income tax is measured using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes on the basis of the intended use of the asset and settlement of the liability, respectively.

Deferred tax assets are measured at the value at which the asset is expected to be realised, either by elimination in tax on future earnings or by set-off against deferred tax liabilities within the same legal tax entity.

Deferred tax is measured on the basis of the tax rules and tax rates that will be effective under the legislation at the balance sheet date when the deferred tax is expected to crystallise as current tax. Any changes

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

in deferred tax due to changes to tax rates are recognised in the income statement or in equity if the deferred tax relates to items recognised in equity.

Current tax receivables and liabilities

Current tax liabilities and receivables are recognised in the balance sheet as the expected taxable income for the period adjusted for tax on taxable incomes for prior years and tax paid on account. Extra payments and repayment under the on-account taxation scheme are recognised in the income statement in financial income and expenses.

Financial debts

Debts are measured at amortised cost, substantially corresponding to nominal value.

Deferred income

Deferred income comprises payments received in respect of income in subsequent years.

Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement shows the Company's cash flows for the period broken down by operating, investing and financing activities, changes for the year in cash and cash equivalents as well as the Company's cash and cash equivalents at the beginning and end of the period.

Cash flows from operating activities

Cash flows from operating activities are calculated as the net profit/loss for the period adjusted for changes in working capital and non-cash operating items such as depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses, and provisions. Working capital comprises current assets less short-term debt excluding items included in cash and cash equivalents.

Cash flows from investing activities

Cash flows from investing activities comprise cash flows from acquisitions and disposals of intangible assets, property, plant and equipment as well as fixed asset investments.

Cash flows from financing activities

Cash flows from financing activities comprise cash flows from the raising and repayment of long-term debt as well as payments to and from shareholders.

Notes to the Interim Financial Statements

14 Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise "Cash at bank and in hand".

The cash flow statement cannot be immediately derived from the financial records.

PENNEO

The signatures in this document are legally binding. The document is signed using Penneo™ secure digital signature. The identity of the signers has been recorded, and are listed below.

"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

Tina Moe

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serial number: 1afe79e0-222a-4b52-b678-835415c40c68

IP: 83.94.xxx.xxx

2023-08-29 06:50:33 UTC



Søren Bjørn Hansen

Næstformand

Serial number: c2ecdabd-a496-4464-9f51-46273af92f65

IP: 185.237.xxx.xxx

2023-08-29 06:55:42 UTC



Thomas Axel Esbern Andersen

Direktør

Serial number: 167b1c47-c388-4151-a150-3cd1b7bdb6a6

IP: 8.46.xxx.xxx

2023-08-29 10:28:45 UTC



James Vernon Zimmerman (SSN validated)

Bestyrelsesmedlem

Serial number: 7a7765c5-17fa-4c26-8c07-1aec6bdb424a

IP: 146.75.xxx.xxx

2023-08-29 12:03:07 UTC



Niels Thomas Heering

Bestyrelsesformand

Serial number: ada7b0b1-925e-4739-8d94-9712832baa60

IP: 2.130.xxx.xxx

2023-08-31 09:29:18 UTC



Kristian Rath

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS STATSAUTORISERET

REVISIONSPARTNERSELSKAB CVR: 33771231

Statsautoriseret revisor

Serial number: a2e61317-481e-4521-a3ca-d563b4464400

IP: 208.127.xxx.xxx

2023-08-31 09:34:35 UTC



Penneo document key: VJY30-4OUW3-0PJPE-68ZEE-A6UEK-PPXW2

This document is digitally signed using Penneo.com. The digital signature data within the document is secured and validated by the computed hash value of the original document. The document is locked and timestamped with a certificate from a trusted third party. All cryptographic evidence is embedded within this PDF, for future validation if necessary.

How to verify the originality of this document

This document is protected by an Adobe CDS certificate. When you open the

document in Adobe Reader, you should see, that the document is certified by **Penneo e-signature service** <penneo@penneo.com>. This guarantees that the contents of the document have not been changed.

You can verify the cryptographic evidence within this document using the Penneo validator, which can be found at <https://penneo.com/validator>

PENNEO

The signatures in this document are legally binding. The document is signed using Penneo™ secure digital signature. The identity of the signers has been recorded, and are listed below.

"By my signature I confirm all dates and content in this document."

René Otto Poulsen

Statsautoriseret revisor

Serial number: CVR:33771231-RID:24479570

IP: 83.136.xxx.xxx

2023-08-31 12:38:37 UTC

NEM ID 

Penneo document key: VJY30-4OUW3-0PJPE-68ZEE-A6UEK-PPXW2

This document is digitally signed using Penneo.com. The digital signature data within the document is secured and validated by the computed hash value of the original document. The document is locked and timestamped with a certificate from a trusted third party. All cryptographic evidence is embedded within this PDF, for future validation if necessary.

How to verify the originality of this document

This document is protected by an Adobe CDS certificate. When you open the

document in Adobe Reader, you should see, that the document is certified by **Penneo e-signature service** <penneo@penneo.com>. This guarantees that the contents of the document have not been changed.

You can verify the cryptographic evidence within this document using the Penneo validator, which can be found at <https://penneo.com/validator>